



Alderman's Green Art Curriculum 2023-2024

















https://www.accessart.org.uk/intro-progression-plan/ https://www.accessart.org.uk/introducing-accessart/

National Curriculum Statements

The national curriculum for art and design aims to ensure that all pupils:
produce creative work, exploring their ideas and recording their experiences
become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques
evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design
know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms.

EYFS

Expressive Arts and Design The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

Expressive Arts and Design ELG: Creating with Materials Children at the expected level of development will:

- Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function;
- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used;
- Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive Children at the expected level of development will:

- Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher:
- Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs;
- Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and when appropriate try to move in time with music.

Key Stage 1

Pupils should be taught:

to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products

to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences

and imagination

to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture,

line, shape, form and space

about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the

differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making

links to their own work.

Key Stage 2

Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of

materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds

of art, craft and design.

Pupils should be taught:

ideas

 $\ensuremath{\underline{\texttt{I}}}$ to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and

sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]

② about great artists, architects and designers in history.





Essential Artists AG (Covered in Curriculum) - alongside other artists which are part of Access Art Curriculum					
Pablo Picasso – Year 4	Vincent Van Gogh - EYFS & Year 4	Kimi Cantrell – Year 2			
Jeff Koons – Year 2	Henri Matisse – Year 1	Romuald Hazoume - EYFS			
Andy Warhol – Year 1	George Seurat – Year 6	Frieda Kahlo – Year 1			
Paul Cezanne - EYFS	Gustav Klimt – Year 4	Heather Hanson – Year 3			
Wassily Kandinsky - EYFS	Piet Mondrian – Year 2	Alma W. Thomas – Year 5			
Antoni Gaudi – Year 6	David Hockney – Year 5	Lubaina Hamid – Year 6			
Jackson Pollock – EYFS	Andy Goldsworthy - Year 2	Etel Adnan – Year 3			
	William Morris - Year 3	Bradley Theodore – Year 6			





EYFS to choose projects from here: https://www.accessart.org.uk/eyfs-send-resources-skills-editable-document/ Look a progression of skills for some guidance

Vocabulary

As we begin to develop our Art Vocabulary as a school it is important to make sure that you have checked that your students understand the basic vocabulary before building upon this. Every year group must therefore look at the previous year groups vocabulary and check that children understand colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form, and space. All year groups are to begin with Primary and Secondary colours, Texture, Pattern. This can be woven into the first terms work and included as part of their introduction to art for the year. It is important that the children are given the opportunity to explore this language practically, such as mixing primary colours to make secondary colours. https://make-it-your-own.com/rainy-day-fun-colour-exploration/

It is then important to build upon this language and provide children with a rich vocabulary that allows them to explore and describe art. This language should be documented through use of Showbie and annotations in sketchbooks. Access Art promotes creativity through experience and exploration. When developing sketchbook behaviour, it focuses on **Taking in, Testing out and reflecting.** https://www.accessart.org.uk/sketchbook-skills/. The process of art is an important part of the artwork and one that needs to be focused on in sketchbooks. It is important that teacher's model and teach children how to present their work in their sketchbooks.

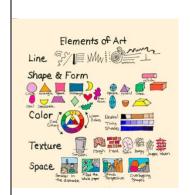
KS1	Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5	Year 6 (make sure have visited year 5 vocab)
Look at Pattern - repeated lines, shapes, forms, or colours.	Check previous learning: pattern, texture, line, shape, form, and space.	Check previous learning before moving on: Primary, Secondary, Texture, Pattern, horizon.	Check previous learning before moving on: Tone, Tints and Shades, Complementary colours, Focal Point.	Check previous learning before moving on: Tints and Shades, Composition, Background and foreground.
Texture - what something feels or looks like.	Primary colours- primary colours	Tone- the lightness or darkness of colours used. Artists use light and dark colour to express mood or emotion.	Tints and Shades- Creating different shades of one colour from light to dark. Tint- If white is gradually	Mixed media- art form that combines a variety of media in a single artwork.
Line – is the path left by a moving point. Eg: pencil or paintbrush. A line can take many forms.	Secondary colours - Secondary colours are orange, green and purple. You mix 2 primary colours to make a secondary	Tints and Shades- Creating different shades of one colour from light to dark. Tint- If white is slowly added it makes a colour lighter. Shade- If black is slowly	added it makes a colour lighter. Shade- If black is gradually added it makes a colour darker.	Mood- feeling created pictorially and through colour. What do you think the artist is trying to say through their artwork?
Shape – an area enclosed by a line. Form- 3 dimensional and takes	colour. Example: Yellow and blue make green. Texture- what something feels or	added it makes a colour darker. https://artlessonsforkids.me/2008/11/23/tints-	Composition- the placement and positioning of objects in a piece of art. Artists can create different layouts of the same subject. Example: placement of objects in	Negative and positive space- positive space is the main object/ focus of the artwork. The negative space is the area surrounding the main object.
up space.	looks like.	Complementary colours- colours that are opposite to each other on the	middle of the artwork or placement to the side of the piece of artwork.	Thair object.





Space – a feeling of depth. Space can be 2D, 3D, Positive or negative space.

To use this language within art lessons and choosing. This is to be documented through floor book and children should be encouraged to use this language to talk about their artwork and when exploring artists.



Pattern- repeated lines, shapes, forms, or colours.

Horizon- is a horizontal line that is in between the land and the sky.

colour wheel: Red and Green, yellow and purple, blue and orange.

Focal Point- is the place the eye artwork the part of th naturally travels to in a work of art. This can be different for different people.

Year 4 to look at Background and foreground as part of access art project.

Background and foreground-

Background – when looking at artwork the part of the image that seems furthest away.

Foreground- when looking at artwork the part of the image that appears largest (objects that feel closer)

Mood- feeling created pictorially and through colour. What do you think the artist is trying to say through their artwork?



Scale- refers to the size of an object in relationship to another object.





Alderman's Green Primary School Art curriculum

Take one Picture resources for Autumn 1

https://www.nationalgallery.org.uk/learning/take-one-picture/resources-for-take-one-picture-cpd-2022-23

Extra Keynote to be shared in CPD

Early Years

Access Art EYFS PDF: https://www.accessart.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2020/10/AccessArt-EYFSv2 compressed.pdf

https://www.accessart.org.uk/eyfs-send-resources-skills-editable-document/

https://www.accessart.org.uk/tag/eyfs/

New Art Curriculum: https://www.accessart.org.uk/accessart-eyfs-exploring-art-in-early-years-settings/

Year 1 – 6

Access Art Link to Full Primary Art curriculum: https://www.accessart.org.uk/full-primary-art-curriculum/
We have chosen to do select projects so that we can focus on the progression of skills in drawing, painting, printing, collage and sculpture. See links in year groups plan.

Access Art Medium Term Printable plans: https://www.accessart.org.uk/accessart-primary-art-curriculum-medium-term-plans/
You can print these to support you in planning the project that has been chosen for your yeargroup.





- Year Leads have logins and access to Art Curriculum
- Teach the chosen Artist for your term alongside following the termly Access Art curriculum. They link to your project.
- Teach Art Language linked to the theme of the half term. vocabulary list and Widgit to support this language.
- Use the questions as a way of getting children excited about art.
- Please check before the next half term what resources you will need to order.
- Use the vocabulary section and extra Questions tool document and vocabulary widget cards to develop oracy within art.

Autumn 1	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
Take One Picture Project	Focus skill:	Focus skills:	Focus skill:
(Deadline October half Term)	Drawing	Painting, Printing and Collage.	Sculpture

EYFS to choose projects from here: https://www.accessart.org.uk/eyfs-send-resources-skills-editable-document/ Look a progression of skills for some guidance

Drawing Progression of Skills – Autumn Term On a range of surfaces, using a range of mediums e.g., pencil, crayon, chalk pastels, oil pastels, charcoal, ink.

To explore and discuss an artist and their work. To look at a variety of paintings and ask questions.

Purple = Substantive Knowledge Green = Implicit Knowledge / Skills www.accessart.org.uk

EYFS Year 1 Year 2/3 Year 4 Year 5 Year 6





Explore a variety of mediums
and ways of making marks
(pencils, crayons, pastels, felt
tips, charcoal, chalk, paper,
paint)

Explore the use of different types of line and mark making in 2d and 3d.

See link for inspiration:

https://cassiestephens.blogspo .com/2013/10/in-art-roomunit-on-line-for.html



Explore a variety of mediums and ways of making marks (pencils, crayons, pastels, felt tips, charcoal, chalk, paper, paint)

To draw a self-portrait of themselves using shape and space. Making decisions on the amount of space they will Year 2 use on the page. Looking at the shapes that make up their Understand that we can use

Develop their use of different mediums and exploring the different textures this creates. we find. Explore & Draw

Explore lines made by a fingers, wrist, elbow, shoulder and body. Work at a scale to accommodate exploration. Spirals

Jse colour (pastels, chalks) intuitively to develop spiral drawings. Spirals

Pupils draw from paused film, observing detail using pencil, graphite, handwriting pen.

Explore the patterns and textures | Create still life drawings of a variety of mediums make.

To use pencil and charcoal to create lines, marks and develop tone.

different media (sometimes combined in one drawing) to capture the nature of things

Understand that we can hold drawing tool, made by moving our drawing tools in a variety of ways, experimenting with pressure, grip and speed to affect line. Explore & Draw

> /isit local environment, collect natural objects, explore composition and qualities of objects through arranging, sorting & representing. Photograph. <mark>Explore & Draw</mark>

Use drawing exercises to focus an exploration of observational drawing (of objects above) combined with experimental mark making, using graphite, soft pencil, handwriting pen<mark>. Explore & Draw</mark> <u>Be an</u> <u> Architect</u> – linked to Animal habitats (Topic)

developing their understanding of size, texture, and shape.

and grades of pencil to develop tone and begin to explore the **third** dimension of objects.

Understand that still life name given to the genre of painting (or making) a collection of objects/elements. Exploring Still

That still life is a genre which artists have enjoyed for hundreds of years,, and which contemporary artists still explore today. Exploring Still Life

Explore using a variety of mediums – pencil, charcoal, pastel. And to learn about the different textures they can create using these mediums.

Draw toys, using a pencil and developing, understanding of size, texture and shape.

Work in a variety of media according to intention, including nandwriting pen, graphite or ink. Storytelling Through Drawing

Independently create drawings which focus on the skills of composition, scale and proportion.

To use different mediums Use view finders to develop observation skills.

> Understand that still life name given to the genre of painting (or making) a collection of objects/elements. Exploring Still Life

> That still life is a genre which artists have enjoyed for hundreds of years and which contemporary artists still explore today. Exploring Still Life

Explore using a variety of mediums pencil, charcoal, pastel. And to learn about the different textures they can create using these mediums.

Draw toys, using a pencil and developing, understanding of size, texture and shape.

Work in a variety of media according Understand that there are technical to intention, including handwriting pen, graphite or ink. Storytelling Through Drawing

Use a variety of drawing media including charcoal, graphite, wax resist and watercolour to make observational and experimental

To use the grid method and explore the scale of an image. To work on a piece for a sustained period and develop their own style of drawing.

To create a **mixed media** piece with a variety of tones.

To explore creating a composition and show an understanding of negative and positive space within their drawings.

Understand that there is often a close relationship between drawing and making. Understand that we can transform 2d drawings into 3d objects. 2D to 2D

Understand that graphic designers use typography and image to create packaging which we aspire to use. 2D to

processes we can use to help us see, draw and scale up our work. 2D to 2D

Explore using negative and positive space to "see" and draw a simple element/object. 2D to 2D

Use the grid system to scale up the image above, transferring the image onto card. 2D to 2D





	Work with care and focus, enjoying making drawings which are unrushed. Explore quality of line, texture and shape. Explore & Draw Music & Art Explore Through Monoprint Year 3 Understand that charcoal is a drawing medium that lends itself to loose, gestural marks made on a larger scale. Gestural Drawing with Charcoal	Use a variety of drawing media including charcoal, graphite, wax resist and watercolour to make observational and experimental drawings. To feel able to take creative risks in pursuit of creating drawings with energy and feeling. To	drawings. To feel able to take creative risks in pursuit of creating drawings with energy and feeling. Experiment with different media and different marks to capture the energy of a landscape. Explore colour, and colour mixing, working intuitively to mix hues and tints, but able to articulate the processes involved. Mixed Media Landscapes	Use collage to add tonal marks to the "flat image". <u>2D to 2D</u>
	Understand charcoal and earth pigment were our first drawing tools as humans. Gestural Drawing with Charcoal Know that Chiaroscuro means "light/dark" and we can use the concept to explore tone in drawings. Gestural Drawing with Charcoal Understand that animators make drawings that move.			
	Make marks using charcoal using hands as tools. Explore qualities of mark available using charcoal. Gestural Drawing with Charcoal Make charcoal drawings which explore Chiaroscuro and which explore narrative/drama through lighting/shadow (link to drama). Gestural Drawing with			
	Charcoal Option to explore making gestural drawings with charcoal using the whole body (link to dance). Gestural Drawing with Charcoal			





Access Art Project and Artist **EYFS**

Shells: Observational and Imaginitye Drawing

nttps://www.accessart.org.uk/shellsobservational-and-imaginative-drawing/

Collecting, Arranging, Drawing

https://www.accessart.org.uk/collectingarranging-drawing/

Still Life Compositions Inspired v Cezanne

nttps://www.accessart.org.uk/still-lifenspired-by-cezanne/



Access Art Project and Artist Year 1

https://www.accessart.org.uk/spirals/

Frieda Kahlo

Self Portraits inspired by artist https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wZ tbh46iAV8





Andy Goldsworthy

printmaking/

Outdoor sculpture printing

Access Art Project and Artist

https://www.accessart.org.uk/explore-

https://www.accessart.org.uk/simple-

Year 2

draw/



Access Art Project and Artist Year 3

Heather Hansen

https://digitalsynopsis.com/design/dancemoves-art-charcoal-drawings-heathernansen/

Mark Making and sound

nttps://www.accessart.org.uk/mark-makingand-sound-part-one/ Charcoal



https://www.accessart.org.uk/gesturaldrawing-with-charcoal/

Access Art Project and Artist Year 4

II-life/

Vincent Van Gogh

Self Portraits (Pastels) and landscape (Paint) – year groups



https://www.tate.org.uk/kids/exp ore/who-is/who-vincent-van-gogh

Access Art Project and Artist Year 5

life/

Note: Use a grid for scale Draw more than one object together for proportion.

David Hockney

Procreate/ digital art app https://www.tate.org.uk/kids/explor e/who-is/who-david-hockney



Access Art Project and Artist Year 6

https://www.accessart.org.uk/sti https://www.accessart.org.uk/still- https://www.accessart.org.uk/2ddrawing-to-3d-making/

> Self Portraits – year groups skills (pastels, charcoal, pencil)

BP Portrait Award Inspiration

https://www.npg.org.uk/whatson/bpportrait-award-2020/exhibition/

George Seurat







Painting Progression of Skills - Spring Term - On a range of surfaces, using a variety of mediums

To explore and discuss an artist and their work. To look at a variety of paintings and ask questions. To use a sketchbook to show the develop and process of a project.

EYFS to choose projects from here: https://www.accessart.org.uk/eyfs-send-resources-skills-editable-document/ Look a progression of skills for some guidance

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	the production of the producti				
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2/3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6





To make a	Learn how to look after a	To be able to make secondary	To use knowledge of primary	To paint more	To paint purposefully and
variety of	paintbrush and the	_	and secondary colours to mix	independently.	confidently.
marks.	different ways in which a	paintings.	their own colours.		,
	paintbrush can be used.			To show that as an artist	To use knowledge of primary and
To explore	(side, tip)	To make different tints and shades	To make different tints and	they have thought about the	secondary colours to mix their own
different		of colour.	shades of colour. (adding black	composition, space and	colours.
colours and	Explore the different ways		or white)	mood of their piece.	
their names.	in which paint can be	To show use of a variety of			To be able to critically analyse their
	applied.	controlled marks.	To develop understanding of	To create their own shades	work and others.
Know the			complimentary colours.	and tones of light and	
difference	To show that they can	To explore different textures		darkness within their piece,	To show within their painting that
between warm	make controlled marks.	through the mediums they use	To show they have thought	using their knowledge of	they have considered the
and cool		alongside their paint. Eg: adding	about and use a variety of	tone and the colour wheel.	composition, use of space, mood,
colours.	To be introduced to the	water, adding PVA or sand to	controlled marks.		texture, colour, tone, and scale of
	colour wheel and	thicken the paint.		To use knowledge of	their artwork.
To different	awareness of primary and		To explore different textures	primary and secondary	
mediums and	secondary colours . Know	Year 2 and Year 3	through the mediums they use	colours to mix their own	Understand that artists sometimes use their
tools to create	the difference between	Understand that we can create imagery using	alongside their paint. Eg:	colours.	skills, vision and creativity to speak on behalf of communities they represent, to try to change the
texture.	warm and cool colours.	natural pigments and light. Telling Stories	adding water, adding PVA or		world for the better. <u>Activism – World War 2</u>
			sand to thicken the paint.	Understand that there is a tradition of	Used Ipads to create these collages and layer images
	To look at the way artists	Understand that some painters use expressive, gestural marks in their work, often resulting in		artists working from land, sea or cityscapes. That artists use a variety of	intages
	use colours in their	abstract, expressionist painting. Expressive	Understand that still life name given to the genre of painting (or making) a collection of	media to capture the energy of a place,	Understand that the nature of the object
	paintings.	<u>Painting</u>	objects/elements. Exploring Still Life	and that artists often work outdoors to do this.	(artwork in gallery, graffiti on wall, zine) can be specific to the intention of the artist. Activism-
		Understand that the properties of the paint that		do triis.	World War 2 (Looking at posters and their
	Understand watercolour is a	you use, and how you use it, will affect your mark	That still life is a genre which artists have enjoyed for hundreds of years,, and which	See column 3 "printmaking" to explore how print is combined with paint and	<u>influence)</u>
	media which uses water and pigment. Exploring Watercolour	making. Expressive Painting	contemporary artists still explore today.	collage to create a cohesive artwork.	Explore what kinds of topics or themes YOU care
	pigment. <u>Exploring Watercolour</u>	Understand that primary colours can be mixed	Exploring Still Life	Making MonoTypes	about. Articulate your fears, hopes, dreams.
	Understand we can use a variety	together to make secondary colours of different hues. Expressive Painting Music & Art	Vanessa Gardiner		Think about what you could create (possibly working collaboratively) to share your voice and
	of brushes, holding them in a	Expressive Fainting Music & Art	https://www.accessart.org.uk/talking-	Explore how you can you paint	passion with the world. Activism Exploring
	variety of ways to make watercolour marks. Exploring	Understand the concept of still life. Expressive	points-vanessa-gardiner/ collages based on her using a variety of	(possibly combined with drawing) to	<u>Identity</u>
	Watercolour Marks. <u>Exploring</u>	Painting	mixed media – Ipads used to create	capture your response to a place.	
				Explore how the media you choose,	





	Explore watercolour in an intuitive way to build understanding of the properties of the medium. Exploring Watercolour	Explore colour mixing through gestural mark making, initially working without a subject matter to allow exploration of media. Experiment with using home made tools. Expressive Painting Create an arrangement of objects or elements. Use as the focus for an abstract still life painting	collages. Explore what you think is more effective? How does technology enhance art? David Hockney – Artwork https://www.thecollector.com/fascinating-ipad-drawings-by-david-hockney/	combined with the marks you make and how you use your body will affect the end result. Think about colour, composition and mark making. Think about light and dark, movement and energy. Mixed Media Landscapes	Develop skills of collage through creating mixed media collage of blood cells – linked to science project Use screenprinting and/or monoprinting over collaged and painted sheets to create your piece of activist art. Activism
	Paint without a fixed image of what you are painting in mind.	using gestural marks using skills learnt above. Expressive Painting	To explore colour (and colour mixing), line, shape, pattern and composition in creating a still life. To consider lighting, surface,		Make independent decisions as to which materials are best to use, which kinds of marks,
	Exploring Watercolour Respond to your painting, and try	Use paint, mixing colours, to complete the sculpture inspired by literature (see column 6 "making"). Telling Stories	foreground and background. Exploring Still Life		which methods will best help you explore. <u>Exploring Identity</u>
	to "imagine" an image within. Exploring Watercolour Work back into your painting with		To use close observation and try different hues and tones to capture 3d form in 2 dimensions. (Option to use collage from		
	Work back into your painting with paint, pen or coloured pencil to develop the imaginative imagery. Exploring Watercolour		painted sheets). <u>Exploring Still Life</u>		
			1	I	





projects.

Vincent Van Gogh



See EYFS link for Access Art Project and Artist Year 1

> https://www.accessart.org.uk/exploring-https://www.accessart.org.uk/expressive-painting/ watercolour-pathway/

Year 2 and 3

Matisse

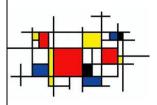
https://www.tate.org.uk/kids/explore/whois/who-henri-matisse

Year 2

Marela Zacarías (access art artist)

Access Art Project and Artist

Piet Mondrian



Make a painting and make a 3D piece based on Marela.

Year 3

Etel Adnan

Colour painting on material

Tapestry

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d9SaAhidwL8

Collage then turn into painting

Access Art Project and Artist Year 4

Make a painting based on Vanessa Gardiner's collage work:

ttps://www.accessart.org.uk/talking-points-vanessa-gardiner,



Pablo Picasso – landscapes



Access Art Project and Artist Year 5

https://www.accessart.org.uk/mixed-media-land-and-

Alma W. Thomas Colour

Collage and mixed media le8kVx87MkA



ttps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u6MhgUeH7CA

Access Art Project and Artist Year 6

Local Artist: In Paint We Trust (City of culture)

Mixed media

https://coventry2021.co.uk/what-s-on/in-paint-we-trust/

Bradley Theodore

https://www.tate.org.uk/kids/explore/kidsview/meet-street-artist



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xqQ6MdExuNc Start from 2 mins 37 secs (Warning: the first part of the video before that time mentions him thinking about <u>suicide</u>)





Printing and Collage - Spring Term - Including rubbings, stencils, fruit/veg, lino print, mono-print

To explore and discuss an artist and their work. To look at a variety of artwork and ask questions. To use a sketchbook to show the develop and process of a project.

EYFS to choose projects from here: https://www.accessart.org.uk/eyfs-send-resources-skills-editable-document/ Look a progression of skills for some guidance

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End of KS1	Lower KS2	Upper KS2
To explore print making through a	To create mono-prints (acetate, tin foil), stencils, lino- printing (polystyrene) and mixed media collage.	To create mono-prints (acetate, tin foil), stencils, lino- printing (polystyrene) and mixed media collage.
variety of ways. (rubbings, objects, outdoor mark making and	To know the difference between mono-printing and lino- printing (reverse-printing). To begin to learn how to develop layers when printing by exploring a mixed media approach.	To make independent decisions as to which materials are best to use, which kinds of marks and to explore the way in which artists convey a message through their artwork.
prints, playdough)	To document the process of experimenting, designing a final piece.	To use 2 or more colours in their print.
To use fruits, vegetables and	To be able to critically discuss theirs and others work.	To print on a variety of materials to compare the difference.
sticks to create own printing blocks.	Year 2	Year 5
To create patterns	Understand mono prints or mono types are prints made by drawing through an inked surface, transferring the marks on to another sheet. Explore Through Monoprint	Understand that mono types are single monoprints. Understand that artists sometimes use printmaking to create a larger artwork, e.g. an installation or an artists book. Making MonoTypes – link To rainforest topic project
and layers. Year 1	Transfer the skills learnt in drawing and sketchbooks to mono print by making monoprints using carbon copy paper (and or oil pastel prints), exploring the qualities of line. Explore Through Monoprint	Combine mono type with painting and collage to make an "artists book" inspired by poetry or prose. Explore colour, mixing different hues, and explore composition, working with different shaped elements, before using mono print to layer lines and marks. Making MonoTypes
Understand prints are made by transferring an	Understand that we can combine collage with other disciplines such as drawing, printmaking and making. Explore & Draw	Make visual notes to capture, consolidate and reflect upon the artists studied. Year 6
image from one surface to another. <u>Simple</u>	Use the observational drawings made (see column 1 "drawing"), cutting the separate drawings out and using them to create a new artwork, thinking carefully about composition. Work into the collage with further drawing made in response to the collaged sheet. Explore & Draw	Linked to painting access art skills
Printmaking Understand relief prints are made	Collage with drawings to create invented forms. Combine with making if appropriate. Explore & Draw Music & Art	Understand that artists sometimes use their skills, vision and creativity to speak on behalf of communities they represent, to try to change the world for the better. <u>Activism – World War 2</u> <u>Used Ipads to create these collages and layer images</u>





from imag Simp Print Use I feet : simp using colou Print Colle object rubb press plast creat plate (relie	hands and to make ole prints, g primary urs. Simple tmaking ect textured ects and make oings, and is them into ticine to	Focussed on Collage Understand that we can combine collage with other disciplines such as drawing, printmaking and making. Working with Shape & Colour Cut shapes from paper (free hand) and use as elements with which to collage, combined with printmaking (see column 3 "printmaking") to make a creative response to an original artwork. Explore positive and negative shapes, line, colour and composition. Working with Shape & Colour Looked at Etel Adnen and Matisse Year 4 https://www.accessart.org.uk/exploring-pattern/	Understand that the nature of the object (artwork in gallery, graffiti on wall, zine) can be specific to the intention of the artist. Activism- World War 2 (Looking at posters and their influence) Explore what kinds of topics or themes YOU care about. Articulate your fears, hopes, dreams. Think about what you could create (possibly working collaboratively) to share your voice and passion with the world. Activism Exploring Identity Develop skills of collage through creating mixed media collage of blood cells — linked to science project Use screenprinting and/or monoprinting over collaged and painted sheets to create your piece of activist art. Activism Make independent decisions as to which materials are best to use, which kinds of marks, which methods will best help you explore. Exploring Identity
ink u and t imag Print Exploit like "patt "sequ Simp	up the plates transfer the ge. Simple tmaking ore concepts "repeat" ttern" quencing".	Make visual notes to record ideas and processes discovered through looking at other artists. Storytelling Through Drawing Exploring Pattern Art of Display Exploring Still Life Sculpture & Structure Festival Feasts Test and experiment with materials. Storytelling Through Drawing Exploring Pattern Exploring Still Life Sculpture & Structure Festival Feasts Brainstorm pattern, colour, line and shape. Exploring Pattern Exploring Still Life Festival Feasts	





EYFS	Year 1	Year 2/3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
See EYFS link for projects	https://www.accessart.org .uk/simple-printmaking/	Year 2 https://www.accessart.org.uk/exploring-the-world-through-mono-print/	https://www.accessart.org.uk/expl oring-pattern/	https://www.accessart.org.uk/maki ng-monotypes/	https://www.access
Jackson Pollock			Shaheen Ahmed (access		art.org.uk/activism/
Create piece inspired by others Colour and Painting	Andy Warhol	Georgina Bown Mono printing	art artist)	Kevork Mourad	Luba Lukova
https://www.tate.org.uk/kids/explore/who-is/who-jackson-pollock Wassily Kandinsky https://www.youtube.com /watch?v=SIWjR3otGvM		https://www.georgina-artist.co.uk/monoprints	Gustav Klimt		and others. Possible link to propaganda posters / end of year play
Colour		Year 3 https://www.accessart.org.uk/working-with-shape-and-colour/			
Book: The Noisy Paintbox https://staugustinesprimar y.org/blog/2019/10/recept ion-art-week/		Romare Beardon			
ion are weeky		https://www.accessart.org.uk/talking-points-romare-bearden/ William Morris Colour wheel Printing			
		https://www.twinkl.co.uk/resource/ch-sd-263-william-morris-artist-inspiration			





Sculpture – Summer Term - Use playdough, clay, pipe cleaners, card, junk modelling, modelling wire, Modroc, polystyrene

To explore and discuss an artist and their work. To look at a variety of artwork and ask questions. To use a sketchbook to show the develop and process of a project.

Purple = Substantive Knowledge Green = Implicit Knowledge / Skills www.accessart.org.uk

Purple = Substantive Knowledge Green = Implicit Knowledge / Skills www.accessart.org.uk					
End of KS1	Lower KS2	Upper KS2			
To know that a	To know that a sculpture is 3D art. They can be made by carving, modelling or adding	To know that a sculpture is 3D art. They can			
sculpture is 3D art.	materials together. To explore sculpture in our everyday world, such as architecture.	be made by carving, modelling or adding			
They can be made		materials together. To explore sculpture in			
by carving,	To look a variety of sculpture artists.	our everyday world, such as architecture.			
modelling or					
adding materials	To learn how to handle clay and polystyrene and the different ways in which I can mould	To look a variety of sculpture artists and to			
together. To	it using my hands and tools.	think about how an artist displays their			
explore sculpture in		work.			
our everyday	To learn the skills of cutting, modelling, mark making, joining, scoring, and making slip.				
world.		To use clay, modelling wire and Modroc.			
	To be able to design, make, evaluate, and decorate my sculpture project.				
To use a variety of		To make independent decisions as to which			
materials such as	Vocabulary:	materials are best to use and which tools			
playdough, card,		and techniques they need.			
junk modelling and	Free-standing – Sculpture not attached or supported by any other structure. (figure)				
clay.		To learn the skills of cutting, modelling,			
	Relief sculpture – A technique where the sculpture is raised from but still attached to a	mark making, joining, scoring, and making			
To be able to use	surface. (Clay tile)	slip.			
an artist for					
inspiration.	To be able to critically think about what I could do better next time and what worked	To add detail and texture to their sculpture			
	well.	using different tools.			
To be able to					
design, make and					





evaluate my sculpture project.	Year 2 Year 2 Arts programme – Making Puppets (Tought by company and lad by an orbit)	To be able to design, make, evaluate, and decorate my sculpture project.
To be able to critically think about what I could do better next time	(Taught by company and led by an artist) Understand the role of an architect. Be an Architect Understand when we make sculpture by adding materials it is called Construction. Be an Architect Stick Transformation	To be able to critically think about what I could do better next time and what worked well.
and what worked	<u>Project</u>	Year 5
well.	Use the Design through Making philosophy to construct with a variety of materials to make an architectural model of a building, considering shape, form, colour, and perspective. Consider interior and exterior. Be an Architect	Ceramics
To be able to add details to my piece	Use Design through Making philosophy to playfully construct towards a loose brief. Be an Architect Stick Transformation Project Music & Art	https://www.accessart.org.uk/japan-ceramics-inspire-painting- and-painting-inspires-ceramics/
through using a		understand how to design and make a pot using skills such as scoring.
variety of tools to create texture and	Transform found objects into sculpture, using imagination and construction techniques including cutting, tying, sticking. Think about shape (2d), form (3d), texture, colour and structure. Stick Transformation Project	Recap year 3 skills
decoration.	Year 3	Understand that many makers use other artforms as inspiration, such as literature, film, drama or music. <u>Telling Stories</u>
To learn which tools to use for different mediums	Understand that many makers use other artforms as inspiration, such as literature, film, drama or music. <u>Telling Stories</u>	Understand that when we make sculpture by moulding with our fingers it is called modelling (an additive process). <u>Telling Stories</u>
and different ways in which I can make	Understand that when we make sculpture by moulding with our fingers it is called modelling (an additive process). Telling Stories	That clay, Modroc and modelling clay are soft materials which finally dry/set hard. Telling Stories
a sculpture.	That clay, Modroc and modelling clay are soft materials which finally dry/set hard. Telling Stories	Use Modroc/ air dry clay/ modelling clay to model characters inspired by literature. Consider form, texture, character, structure. Telling Stories
Year 1 Understand that sculpture is the name		
sometimes given for artwork which exists in three dimensions. Playful	Use Modroc/ air dry clay/ modelling clay to model characters inspired by literature. Consider form, texture, character, structure. Telling Stories	Make an armature to support the sculpture. Telling Stories Year 6
Making Making Birds	Make an armature to support the sculpture. <u>Telling Stories</u>	





Understand the meaning of "Design through Making" Playful Making Making Birds	Made clay Jars for Egyptians project. Year 4	Understand that artists use a variety of media including light and sound as well as physical media to create installations. Understand that installations are often immersive, enabling the viewer to enter the artwork. Brave Colour
Use a combination of two or more materials to make sculpture. Playful Making Making Birds	Understand that artists can re-present objects, in a particular context with a particular intention, to change the meaning of that object. Art of Display To understand that sometimes people themselves can be the object, as in performance art. Art of Display To understand that make sculpture can be challenging. To understand its takes a combination of skills, but that we can learn through practice. That it is ok to take creative risks and ok if things go wrong as well as right.	Understand that artists and designers add colour, texture, meaning and richness to our life. Brave Colour
Use construction methods to build. Playful Making	Art of Display	
Making Birds	Explore how we can re-see the objects around us and represent them as sculptures. That we can use scale to re-examine our relationship to the things around us. Art of Display	
Work in a playful, exploratory way, responding to a simple brief, using Design	To work in collaboration to explore how we can present ourselves as art object, using a plinth as a device to attract attention to us. Art of Display	
through Making philosophy. <u>Playful</u> Making Making Birds	To construct sculptural self portraits of ourselves on a plinth, using a variety of materials including fabric. Art of Display Develop our construction skills, creative thinking and resilience skills by making sculpture which combines lots of materials.	
	To combine modelling with construction using mixed media and painting to create sculpture.	





EYFS	Year 1	Year 2/3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
See EYFS link for projects	https://www.accessart.org.uk/playful- making/	Year 2	https://www.accessart.org.uk/the- art-of-display/	https://www.accessart.org.uk/japan- ceramics-inspire-painting-and- painting-inspires-ceramics/	https://www.ac
Romuald Hazoume	Ramesh Mario Nithiyendran	Jeff Koons	Peter Peri – local Artist	Usaka Koji	cessart.org.uk/ brave-colour/
https://www. facebook.co m/watch/?v=	(S)		a 4	***	Mel Woo
44391747338 1211		MATERIAL STATES	The state of the s	T.	https://www.ac cessart.org.uk/c ontemporary-
Sculpture					sculpture-mel- woo/
		https://www.accessart.org.uk/be-an-architect/			Antoni Gaudi
		Year 3 https://www.accessart.org.uk/telling-stories-through-making/	(Art Award)		
		Look at Egyptian artists for canopic Jars.			
		Plasticine, Modroc and clay			





Sketch Books/Purpose/Visual Literacy / Articulation - Access Art Progression

To document each art projects in the sketchbook using the method of **Taking in, Testing out and Reflecting.** https://www.accessart.org.uk/sketchbook-skills/

Sketchbook and Art Guidance:

Vocabulary Page stuck on the inside of the cover for children to refer to.

Front Page which summarises the Key skills of the project. Work for that project will then be completed after this page. This page can be referred to so that children are clear on the skills and vocabulary they will be using in this project. Add a new front page when starting next project. Layout of pages will vary – CPD on this.

Artists Children need to be able to name the artists they have been learning about and their medium example: Jeff Koons – Sculpture Artist. They should be able to know some facts about this artist and their artwork.

Showbie to to be used to document children's viewpoints on artists work, critiquing their own work and others work; using key vocabulary and knowledge of skills. This must be done for every project. Early years to decide what is the best way of documenting this for their children example: floor book. Adults to model using Showbie and the way in which to comment and critique someone work. Use 1 positive comment and 1 thing to change at first. Use Images of artists, artwork, and voice notes to document this.

Use the vocabulary section and extra Questions tool document and vocabulary widget cards to develop oracy within art.





<u>EYFS</u>	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	<u>Year 5</u>	Year 6
Floor books	Introduce what a	Continue to build	Continue to build understanding	Understand that artists use	Use sketchbooks to:	Use sketchbooks to:
	sketchbook is for.	understanding that	that sketchbooks are places for	sketchbooks for different	- 1 1	
Begin to develop some of	Understand it is	sketchbooks are places for personal experimentation.	personal experimentation. <u>All</u> Pathways for Year 3	purposes and that each artist will find their own ways of working in	Explore mark making. Typography & Maps Mixed Media	Practise seeing negative and positive shapes. 2D to 2D
the year 1 skills.	owned by the pupil	personal experimentation.	Understand that the way each	a sketchbook. All Pathways for	Landscapes Set Design Fashion	Activism
the year I skins.	for experimentation	Understand that the way	persons' sketchbook looks is unique	Year 4	Design	Activism
Include Vocabulary, key	and exploration.	each persons' sketchbook	to them. All Pathways for Year 3			Using the grid method to
skills learn,process of	<u>Spirals</u>	looks is unique to them. <u>All</u> Pathways for Year 2		Use sketchbooks to:	Brainstorm ideas generated when reading poetry or prose. Making	scale up an image. 2D to 2D
project before final piece,	Use sketchbooks to:		Work in sketchbooks to:	Practise drawing skills.	MonoTypes Set Design	Explore what your passions,
vocabulary and children's				Storytelling Through Drawing		hopes and fears might be.
verbal comments.	Test out printmaking		Explore the qualities of charcoal.	Exploring Pattern Exploring Still	Make visual notes to capture,	What makes you you? How
5	ideas <u>Simple</u>	Work in sketchbooks to:	Gestural Drawing with Charcoal	<u>Life Sculpture & Structure Festival</u>	consolidate and reflect upon the	can you find visual
Practice observational	Printmaking	Find and the available of	National makes using a consistent	<u>Feasts</u>	artists studied. Typography &	equivalents for the words in
drawing		Explore the qualities of different media. Explore &	Make visual notes using a variety of media using the "Show Me What	Make visual notes to record ideas	Maps Making MonoTypes Mixed Media Landscapes Set Design	your head? <u>Activism</u> Exploring Identity
- 1	Develop experience	Draw Explore Through	You See" technique when looking at	and processes discovered	Architecture: Big or Small Fashion	<u>Exploring identity</u>
Explore mark making	of primary and	Monoprint Be an Architect	other artists work to help	through looking at other artists.	Design	Explore colour: make
	secondary colours	Music & Art	consolidate learning and make the	Storytelling Through Drawing	===-,	colours, collect colours,
Reflect upon the artists'	Spirals Simple		experience your own. Gestural	Exploring Pattern Art of Display	Explore ideas relating to design	experiment with how colours
work, and share your	Printmaking Exploring	Make close observational	Drawing with Charcoal Working	Exploring Still Life Sculpture &	(though do not use sketchbooks	work together. Activism
response verbally ("I	Watercolour Flora &	drawings of small objects,	with Shape & Colour Telling Stories	<u>Structure</u> <u>Festival Feasts</u>	to design on paper), exploring	Brave Colour
liked").	Fauna	drawn to scale, working	Cloth, Thread, Paint Animated		thoughts about inspiration	
	100110	slowly, developing mark	<u>Drawings</u> <u>Natural Materials</u>	Test and experiment with	source, materials, textures,	Explore combinations and
	Practice observational	making. <u>Explore & Draw</u> Explore Through	Develop mark making skills.	materials. <u>Storytelling Through</u> Drawing Exploring Pattern	colours, mood, lighting etc. <u>Set</u> Design Architecture: Big or Small	layering of media. <u>Activism</u> Exploring Identity
	drawing Spirals	Monoprint	Gestural Drawing with Charcoal	Exploring Still Life Sculpture &	Fashion Design	exploring identity
	Simple Printmaking	<u> </u>	Working with Shape & Colour	Structure Festival Feasts	rusinon besign	
	Flora & Fauna Making	Explore colour and colour	Telling Stories Cloth, Thread, Paint		Experiment with different media	Develop Mark Making Activism 2D to 2D Exploring
	Birds	mixing. Expressive Painting	Animated Drawings	Brainstorm pattern, colour, line	and different marks to capture	Identity Shadow Puppets
	<u> </u>	Music & Art		and shape. Exploring Pattern	the energy of a landscape.	identity Shadow Fuppets
	Explore mark making		Brainstorm animation ideas.	Exploring Still Life Festival Feasts	Explore colour, and colour	Make visual notes to
	Spirals Simple	Make visual notes about	Working with Shape & Colour		mixing, working intuitively to mix	capture, consolidate and
	Printmaking Flora &	artists studied. Explore &	Animated Drawings Natural	Brainstorm and explore ideas	hues and tints, but able to	reflect upon the artists
	Fauna Exploring	<u>Draw Explore Through</u> Monoprint Be an Architect	<u>Materials</u>	relating to performance art. <u>Art</u> of Display	articulate the processes involved. Mixed Media Landscapes	studied. Activism 2D to 2D
	Watercolour Making	Music & Art	Experiment with pigments created	OI DISPIRY	WINCU WIEUIA LATIUSCAPES	Exploring Identity Brave
	Birds		from the local environment. Natural	Reflect. Storytelling Through	Experiment with colour mixing	Colour Take a Seat Shadow
	DII GS	Understand artists take	Materials	Drawing Exploring Pattern	and pattern,	<u>Puppets</u>
		their inspiration from		Exploring Still Life Art of Display		





painters, listening to the artists' intention behind the work and the context in which it was made. Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid. All Pathways for Year	Understand that in art we can experiment and discover things for ourselves. Look at the work of a printmaker, an architect, and artists and learn to dissect their work to help build understanding. Understand how the artists experience feeds into their work. Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses	Look at the work of an artist who uses gestural marks which convey movement, illustrators and makers who take inspiration from literature, painters who also use textiles and artists who animate their work. Understand artists often collaborate on projects, bringing different skills together. Deconstruct and discuss an original artwork, using the sketchbooks to make visual notes to nurture pupils own creative response to the work. Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our	Look at the work of illustrators and graphic artists, painters and sculptors. Understand the processes, intentions an outcomes of different artists, using visual notes in a sketchbook to help consolidate and own the learning. Understand artists often collaborate on projects, bringing different skills together. Deconstruct and discuss an original artwork, using the sketchbooks to make visual notes to nurture pupils own creative response to the work. Understand we may all have	Understand the processes, intentions an outcomes of different artists, using visual notes in a sketchbook to help consolidate and own the learning. Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid. All Pathways for Year 5 Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("Lliked Ldidn't understand it reminded me of It links to").	Understand that artists use art to explore their own experience, and that as viewers we can use our visual literacy skills to learn more about both the artist and ourselves. Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid. All Pathways for Year 6 Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your
Reflect upon the	are valid. <u>All Pathways for</u> <u>Year 2</u>	thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities.	different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we	Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome),	response verbally ("I liked I didn't understand it
artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I liked").	Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I	Understand all responses are valid. All Pathways for Year 3 Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I	make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid. <u>All Pathways</u> for Year 4	reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well I would have liked next time I might I was inspired by). Talk about intention.	reminded me of It links to"). Present your own artwork (journey and any final
Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well"). Some children may	Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well"). Talk about intention.	liked I didn't understand it reminded me of"). Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well I would have liked next time I might). Talk about intention.	Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I liked I didn't understand it reminded me of It links to"). Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well I	Work collaboratively to present outcomes to others where appropriate. Present as a team. Share responses to classmates work, appreciating similarities and differences. Listen to feedback about your own work	outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well I would have liked next time I might I was inspired by). Talk about intention. Work collaboratively to present outcomes to others
feel able to share their response about classmates work.	Share responses to classmates work, appreciating similarities and differences.	Work collaboratively to present outcomes to others where appropriate. Present as a team.	would have liked next time I might I was inspired by). Talk about intention.	and respond. Document work using still image (photography) or by making a drawing of the work. If using	where appropriate. Present as a team. Share responses to classmates work,





	Document work using still	Share responses to classmates	Work collaboratively to present	photography consider lighting	appreciating similarities and
All Dathways for Voor	image (photography) or by	work, appreciating similarities and	outcomes to others where	and focus. Some children may	differences. Listen to
All Pathways for Year	making a drawing of the	differences. Listen to feedback	appropriate. Present as a team.	make films thinking about	feedback about your own
1	work. If using photography	about your own work and respond.		viewpoint, lighting & perspective.	work and respond.
	consider lighting and		Share responses to classmates		
	focus. Some children may	Document work using still image	work, appreciating similarities	Discuss the ways in which artists	Document work using still
	make films thinking about	(photography) or by making a	and differences. Listen to	have a responsibility to	image (photography) or by
	viewpoint, lighting &	drawing of the work. If using	feedback about your own work	themselves/society. What	making a drawing of the
	perspective. All Pathways	photography consider lighting and	and respond.	purpose does art serve? All	work. If using photography
	for Year 2	focus. Some children may make		Pathways for Year 5	consider lighting and focus.
		films thinking about viewpoint,	Document work using still image		Some children may make
		lighting & perspective. All Pathways	(photography) or by making a		films thinking about
		for Year 3	drawing of the work. If using		viewpoint, lighting &
			photography consider lighting		perspective. All Pathways for
			and focus. Some children may		Year 6
			make films thinking about		
			viewpoint, lighting & perspective.		
			All Pathways for Year 4		